Multi-Class Sentiment Classification for Short Text Sequences

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What a selfless and courageous hero ... Willing to give his life for a total stranger ... Deepest sympathies and sincere condolences for his family and all in France

Sack the whole f***ing cabinet





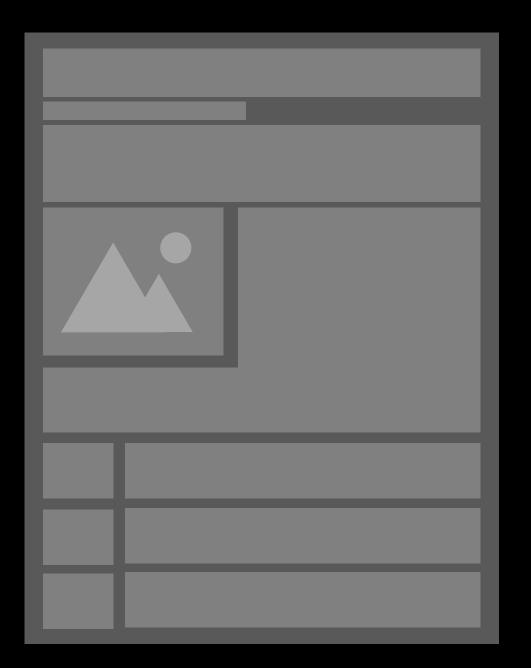
Motivation

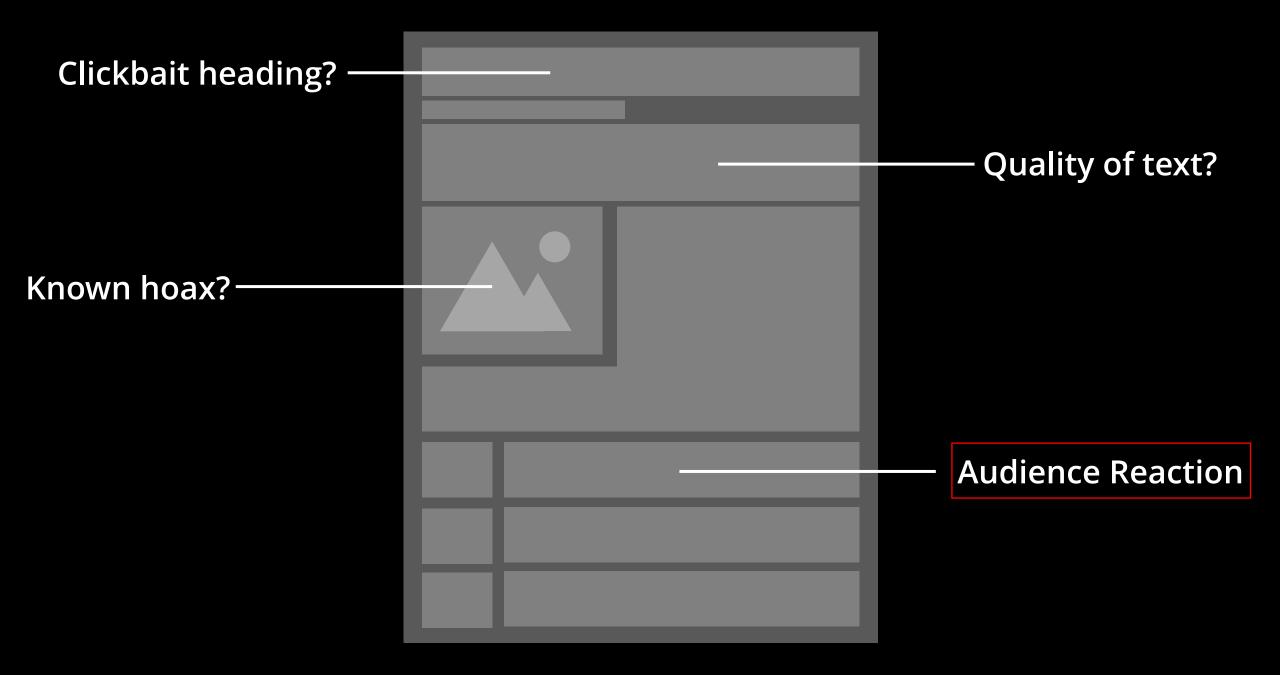
- As part of a greater research project to tackle 'Fake News'
 - Team of students in SUTD



Motivation

- Evaluate people's reaction to online content
 - Record it as a "feature"
- Use this feature (among others) to flag suspicious content





Challenges

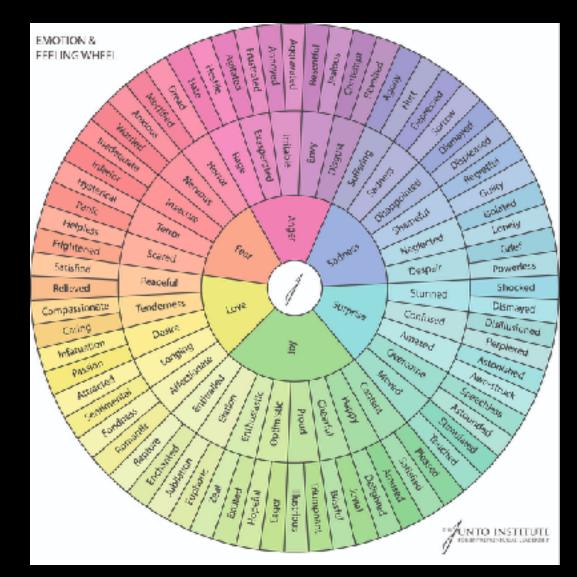
- Appropriate Data
 - short-mid length, highly informal sentences
 - Expressing wide range of emotions
 - IMDB Movie Reviews, Amazon product reviews
 - Tweets?
- Label granularity (!!)
 - Positive/Negative is <u>not</u> enough to gauge reaction
 - Hard to find such labelled data

Dataset

- 40,000 tweets
- labelled with 14 emotion classes
- By CrowdFlower, hosted on data.world

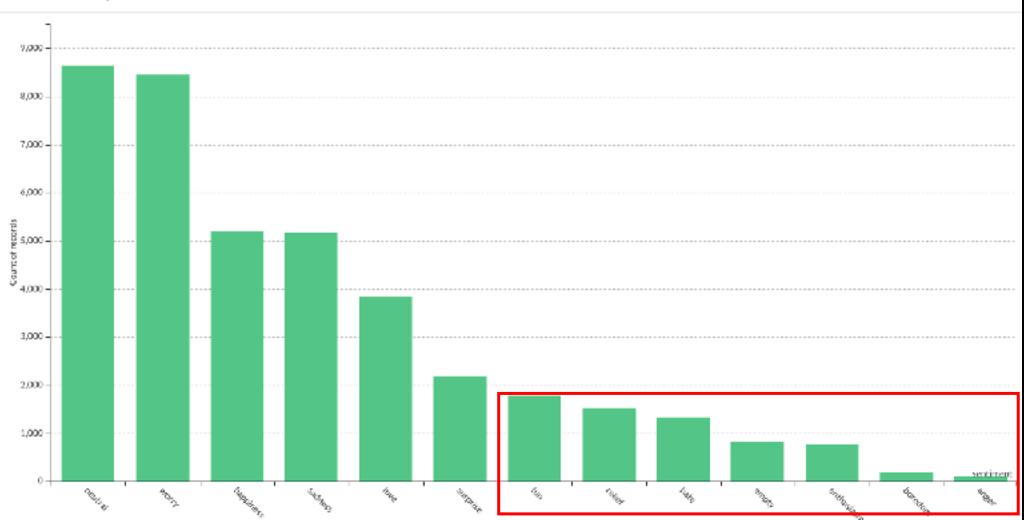


Dataset



Dataset

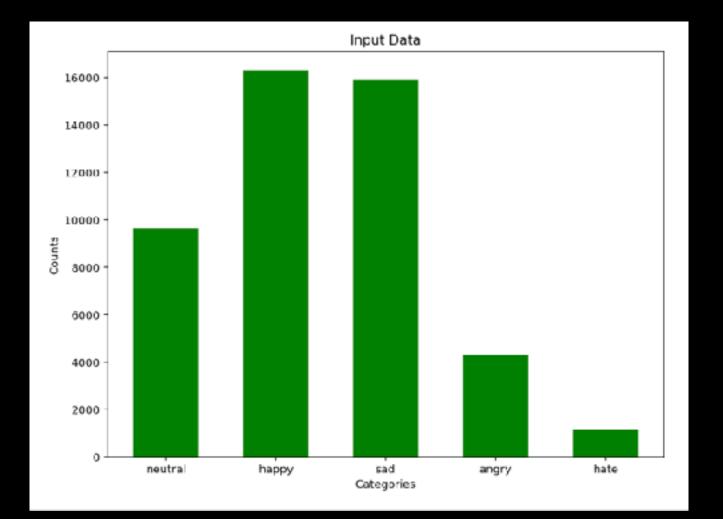
Count of records by sentiment



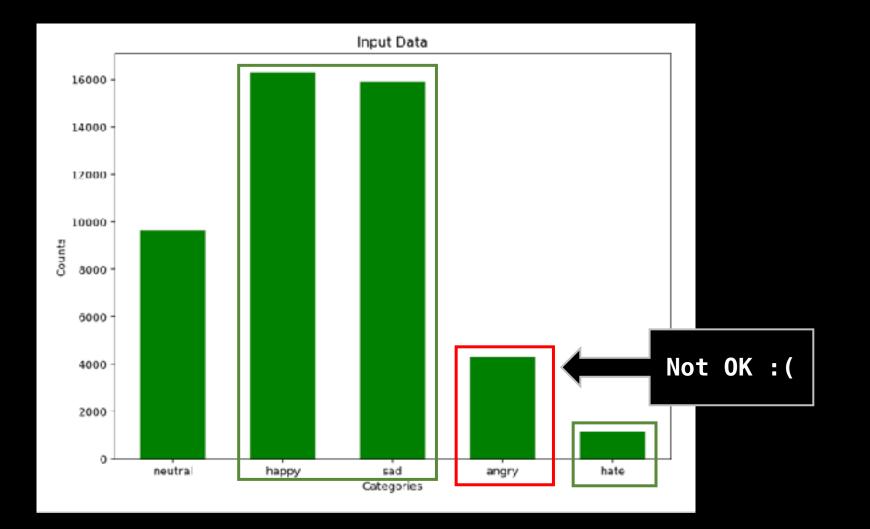
Data Engineering

- Merging of classes
 - Match previous papers (Bouazizi and Ohtsuki, 2017)
 - 5 classes: Neutral, Happy, Sad, Angry, Hate
- Acquire additional data
 - Crawl Twitter for tweets with "tagged" emotions i.e. #happy #angry etc.
 - Not perfect :(
 - After some rejection/cleaning: 47,288 tweets

Data Engineering



Data Engineering

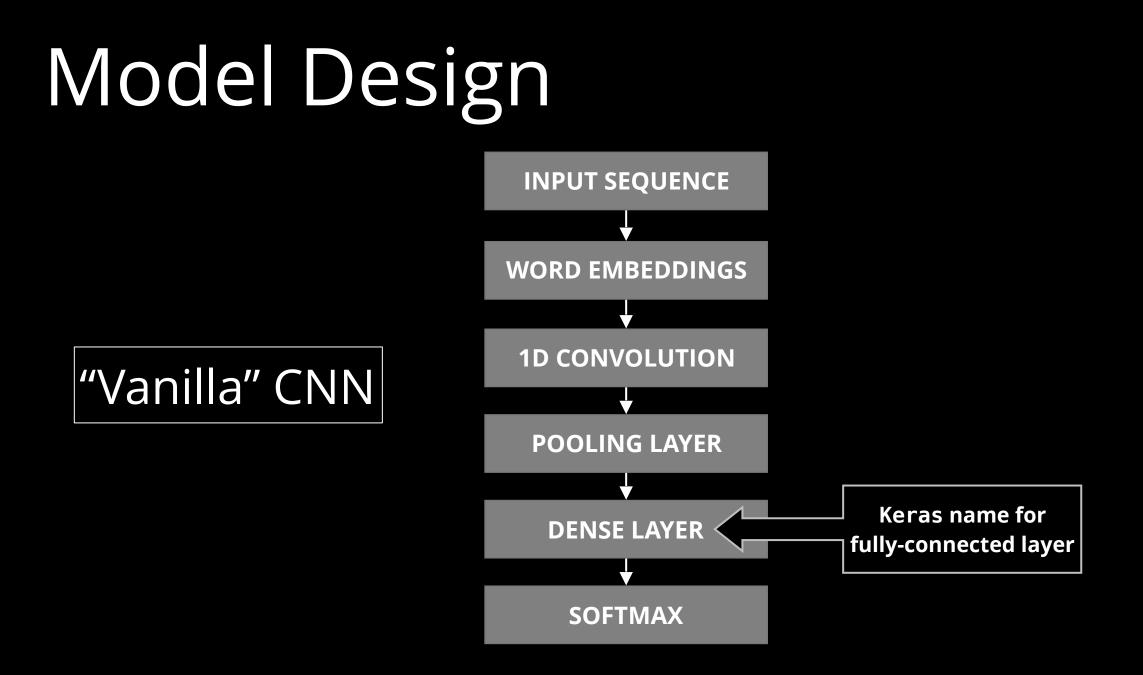


Applying Deep Learning

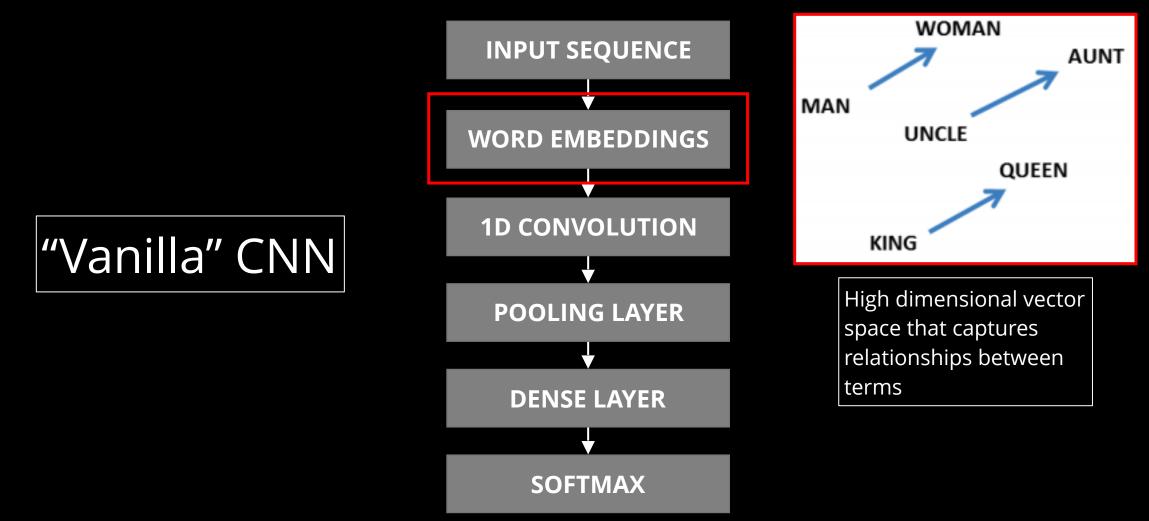
Artificial Neural Networks

Model Design

- Extract as many <u>features</u>/representations as possible
 - Lack of data (in length of text and number of examples per class)
- Be as **generalisable** as possible
 - Work on Singlish and different type of source medium
 - Target application is comments on local news websites and blogs
 - As opposed to tweets in training data



Model Design

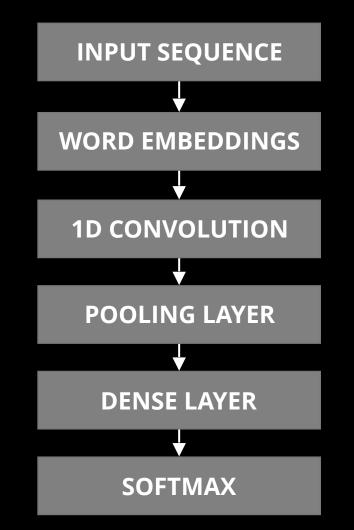


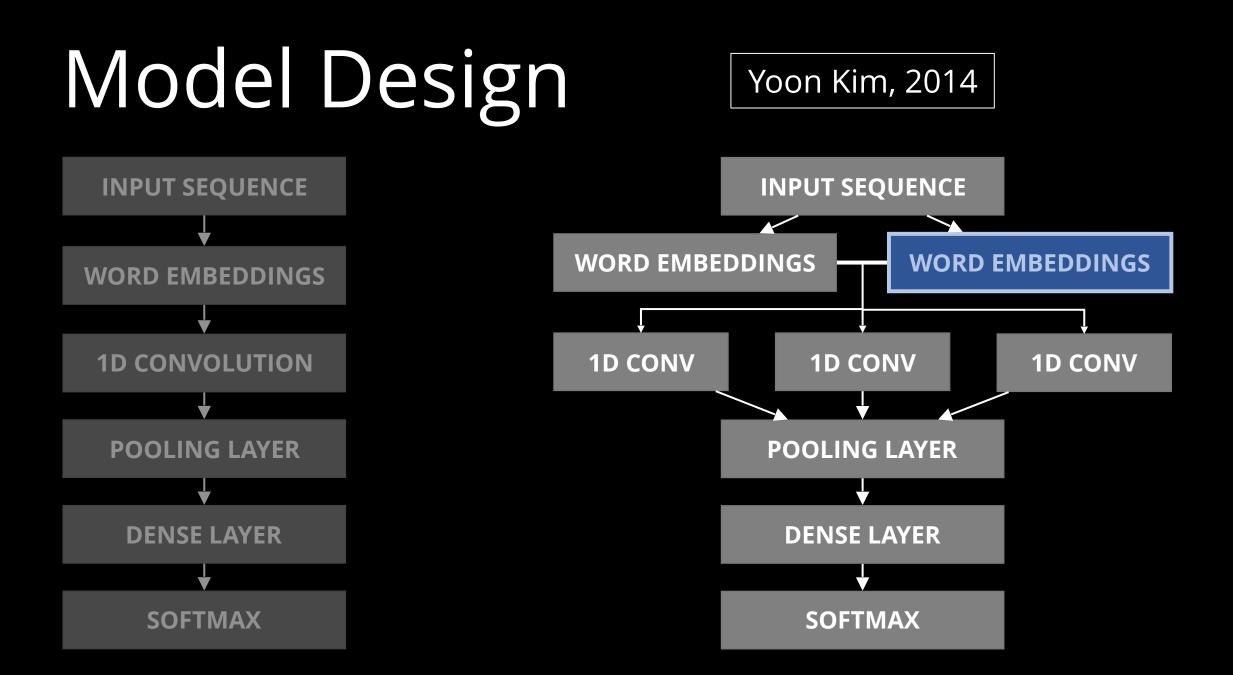
Extract <u>features</u> using 1D convolution

Extract <u>features</u> using 1D convolution

I salute you for the bravery and sacrifice! A true hero indeed.
[1, 6097, 5, 12, 3, 6, 4841, 4, 515, 1476, 1238]
 "salutation" feature

Model Design

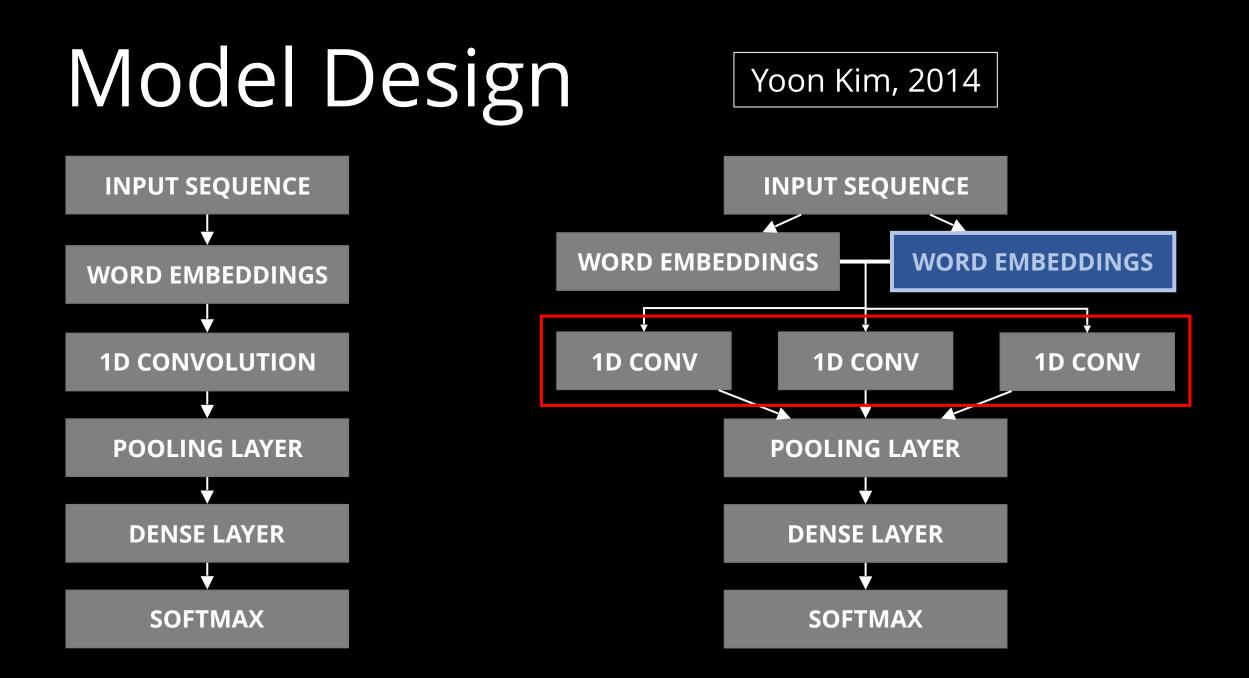




Model Design Yoon Kim, 2014 **INPUT SEQUENCE INPUT SEQUENCE** WORD EMBEDDINGS WORD EMBEDDINGS WORD EMBEDDINGS **1D CONVOLUTION 1D CONV 1D CONV 1D CONV POOLING LAYER POOLING LAYER DENSE LAYER DENSE LAYER**

SOFTMAX

SOFTMAX



Extract <u>features</u> using 1D convolution

Extract <u>features</u> using 1D convolution

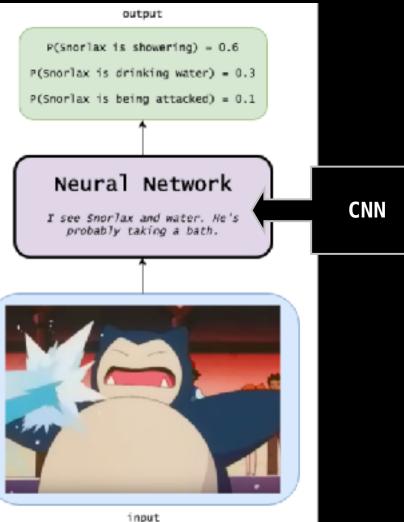
I salute you for the bravery and sacrifice! A true hero indeed.
[1, 6097, 5, 12, 3, 6, 4841, 4, 515, 1476, 1238]
Change Window/Filter Size
"salutation"

Extract <u>features</u> using 1D convolution

I salute you for the bravery and sacrifice! A true hero indeed.
[1, 6097, 5, 12, 3, 6, 4841, 4, 515, 1476, 1238]
"salutation"
Change Window/Filter Size

Downside of CNN

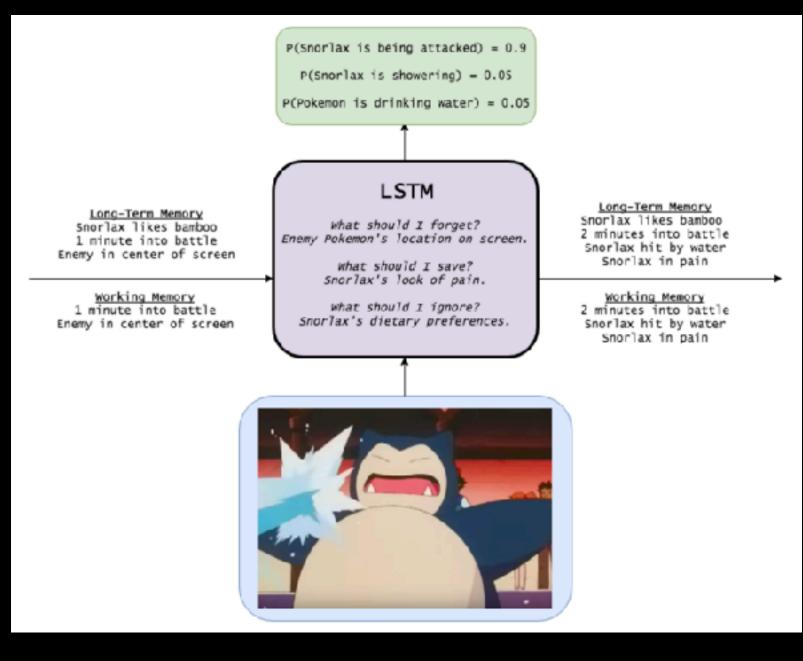
- Sequence matters
- Context is important

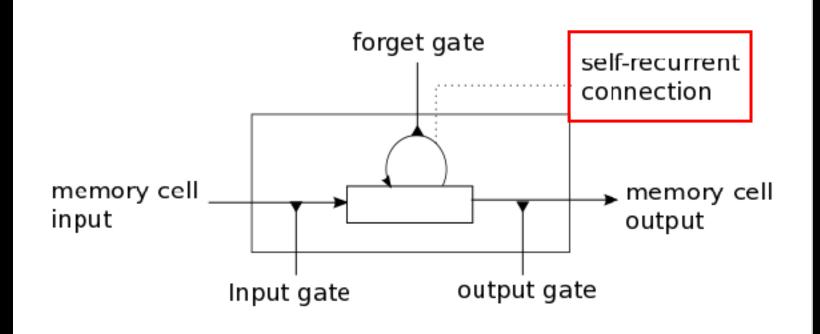


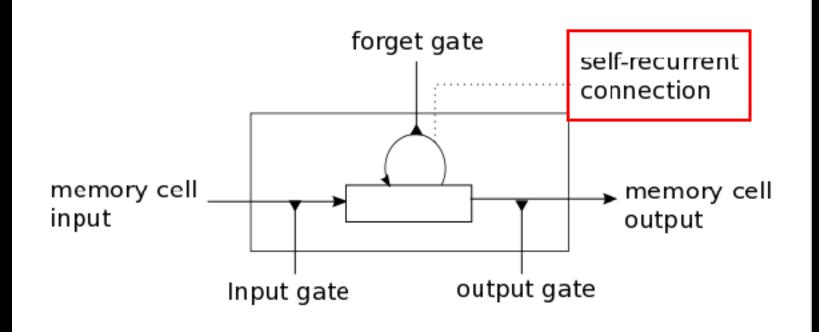
LSTM

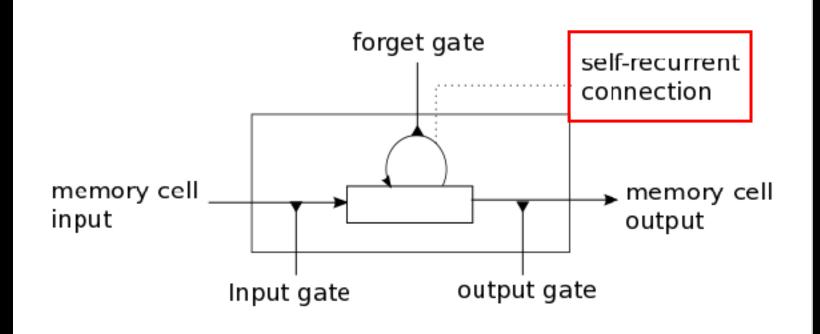
- Type of recurrent neural network (RNN)
 - To learn <u>sequences</u> via series of hidden states
 - Memory cells can keep information intact
 - unless inputs makes them forget/overwrite
 - Cell can decide to output this information or just store it

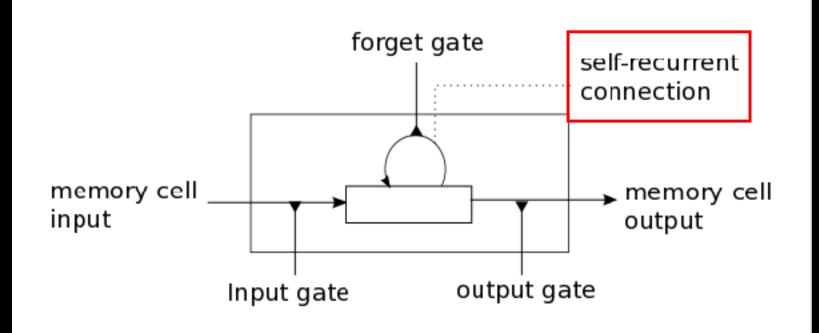
LSTM

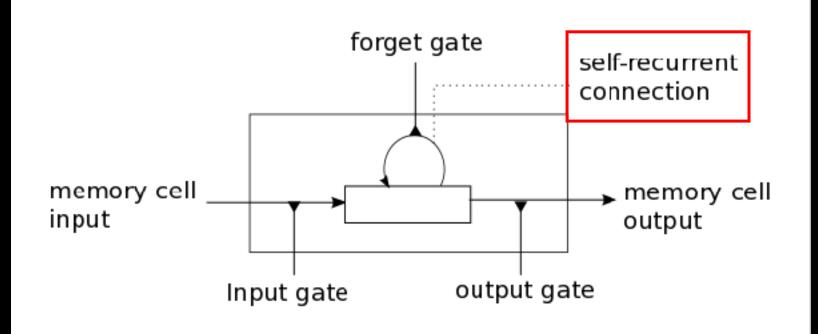


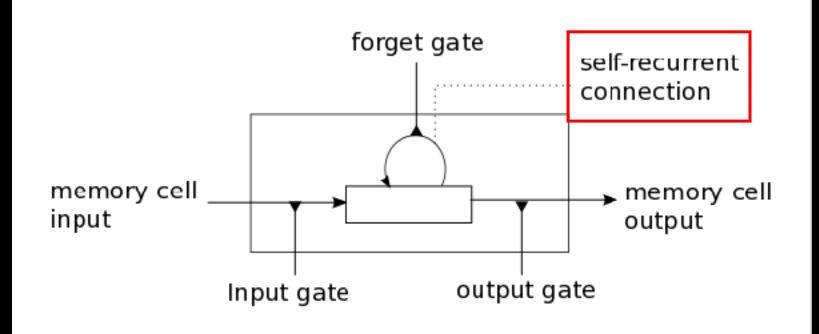


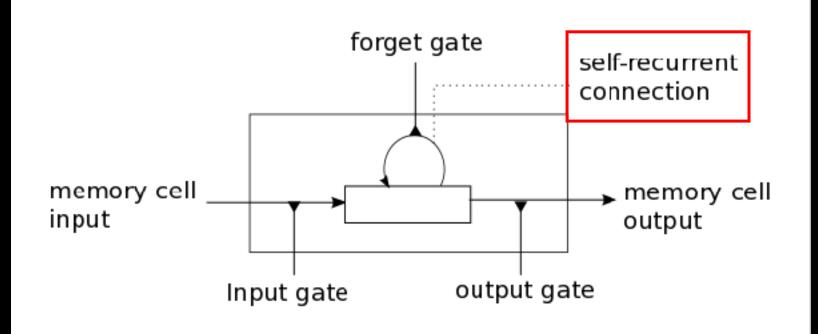


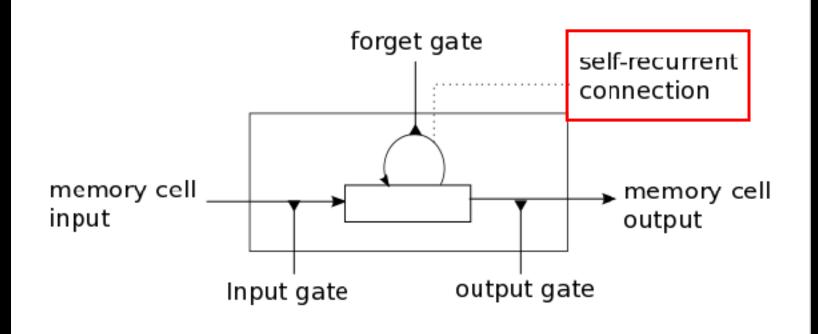


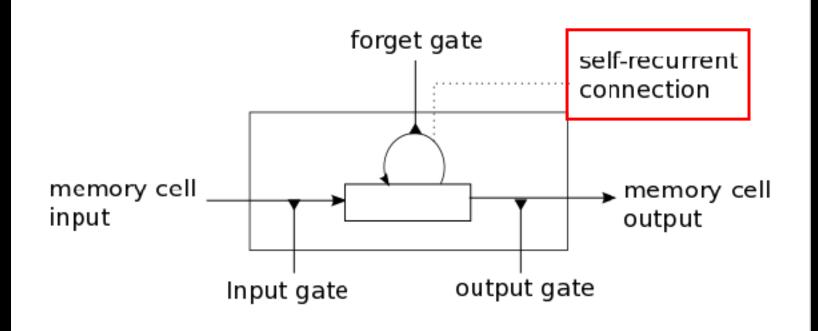


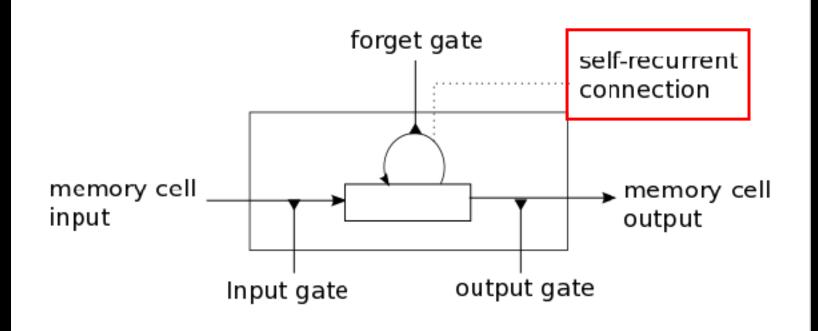


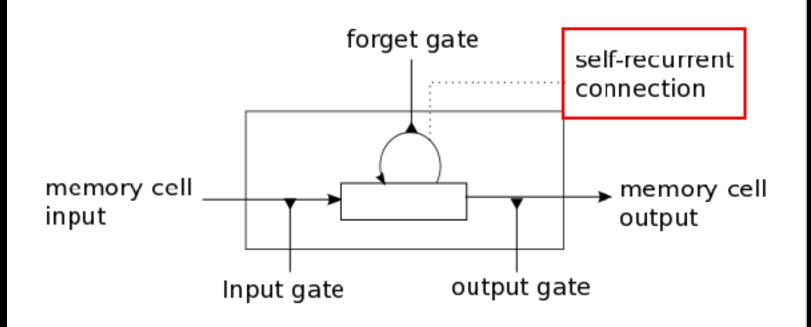








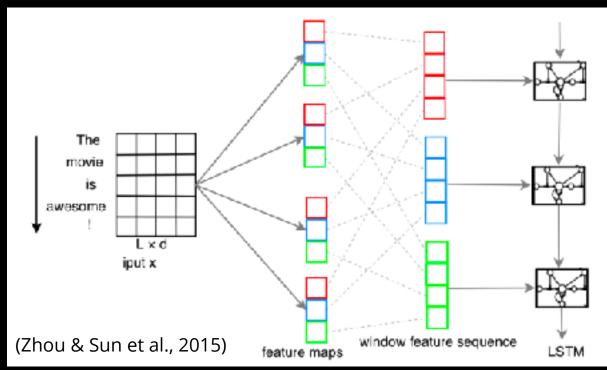




LSTM [1, 6097, 5, 12, 3, 6, 4841, 4, 515, 1476, 1238] output forget gate self-recurrent connection memory cell → memory cell input output output gate Input gate

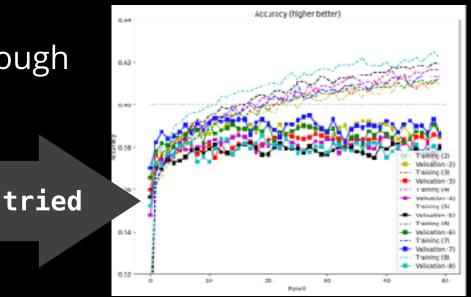
Model Design

- Why should we combine CNN and LSTM?
 - To learn sequences of features and features of sequences.

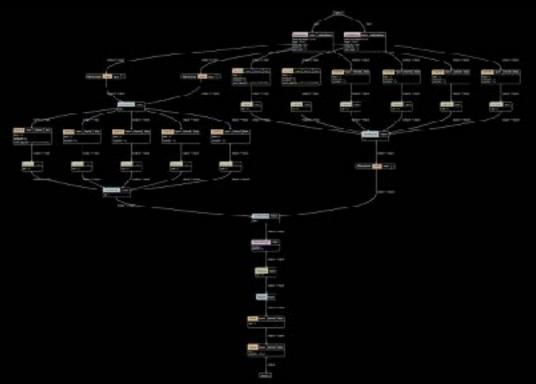


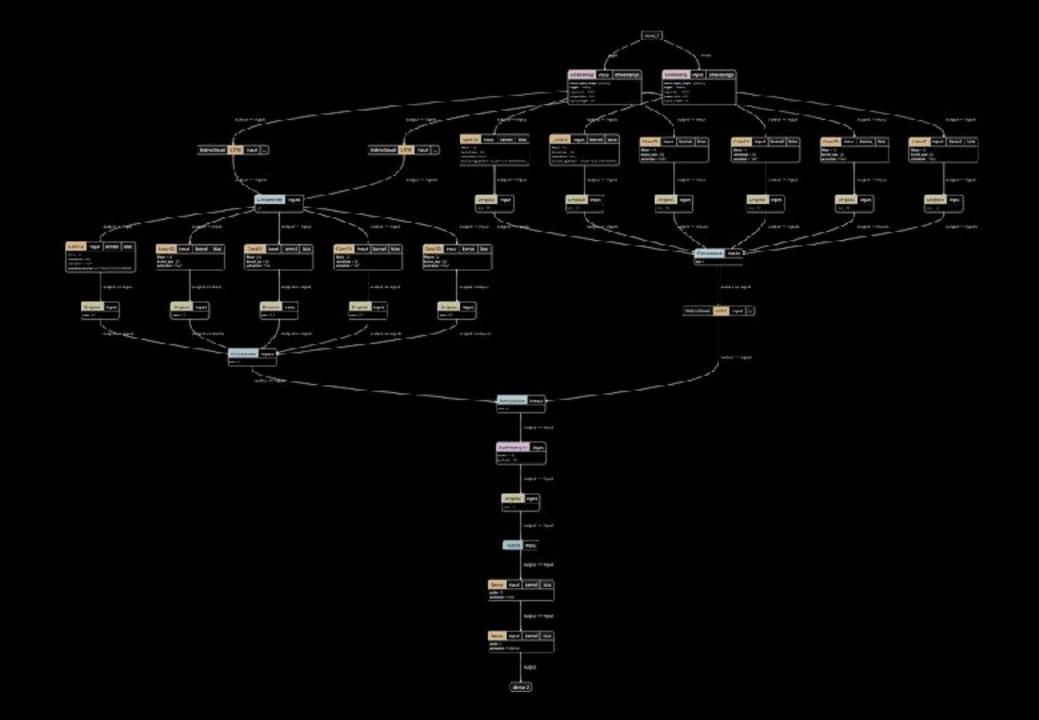
Model Design

- Why should we combine CNN and LSTM?
 - To learn sequences of features and features of sequences.
- "Linear combination": overall validation accuracy < 60%
 - How can we maximise feature extraction and improve classification accuracy to > 60%?
 - Hyper-parameter tuning not enough



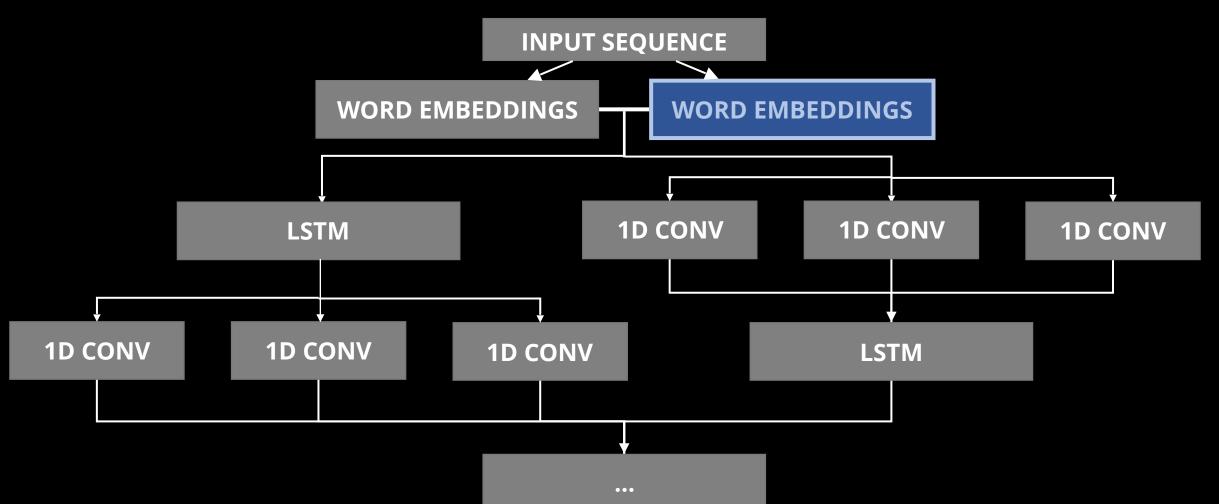
- Make use of an inter-connected architecture of "opposite" architectures
- It does look like a balance

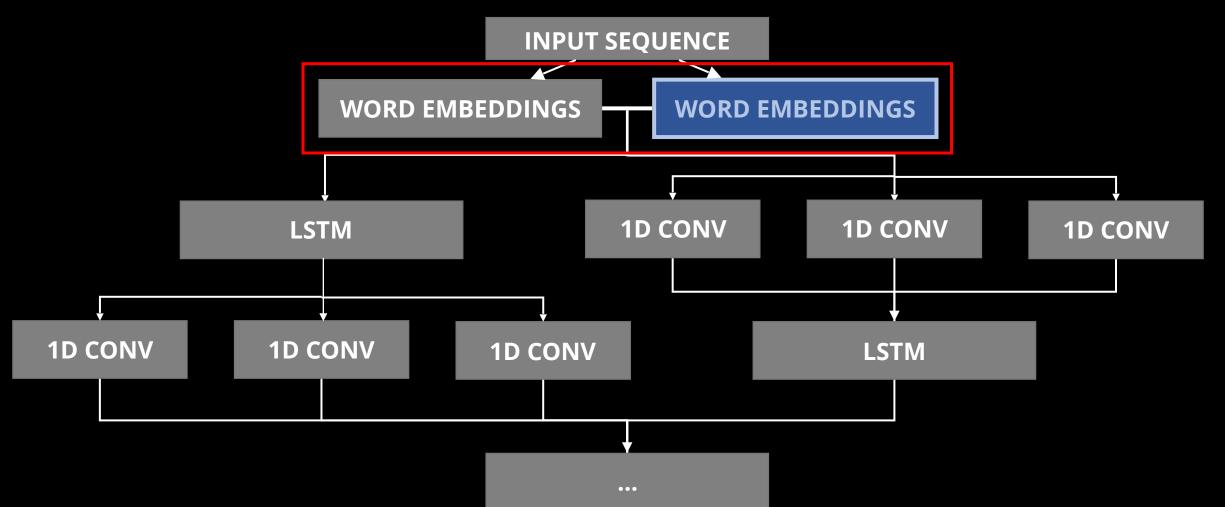


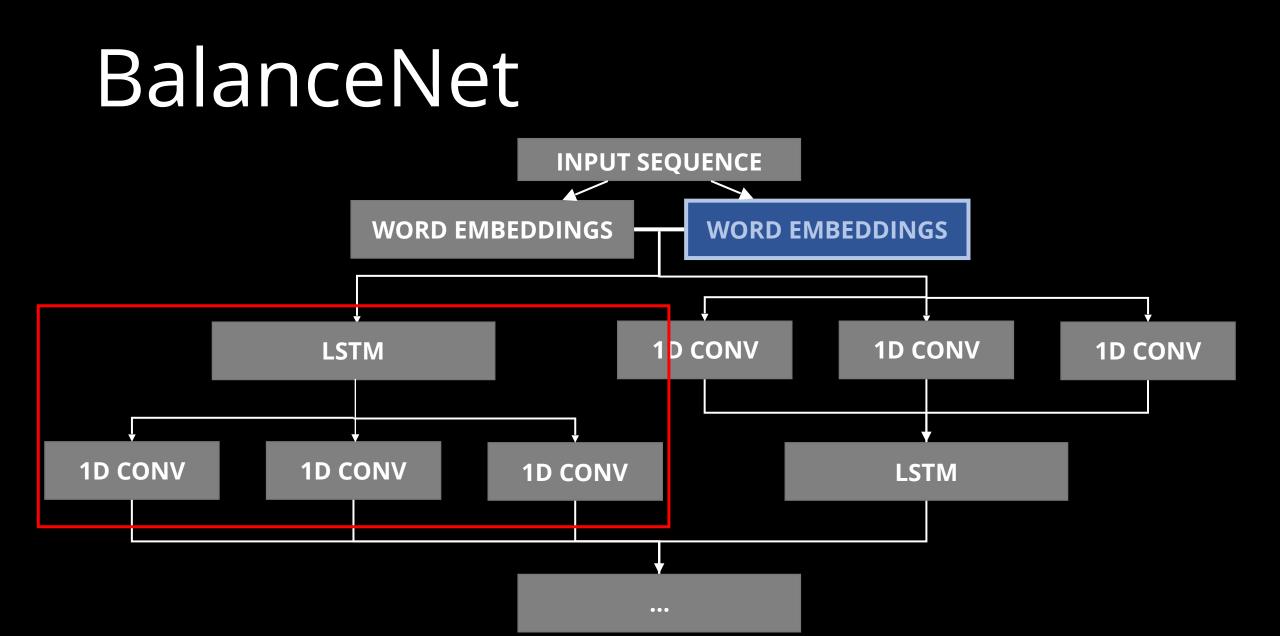


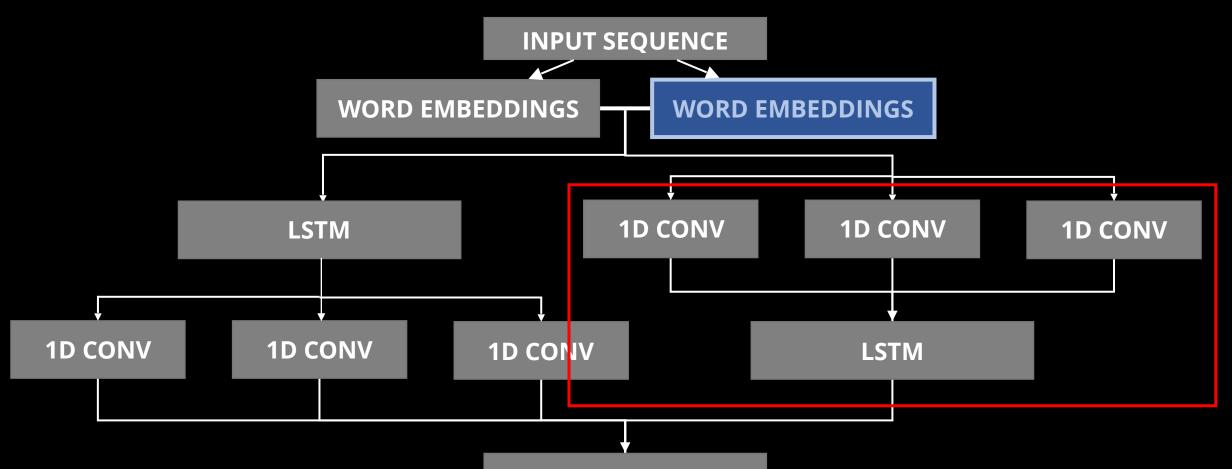
- Make use of an inter-connected architecture of "opposite" architectures
- Captures all previous ideas on how to design the model
- Create multiple "channels" through the model to allow the model to select which channels work better for certain classes

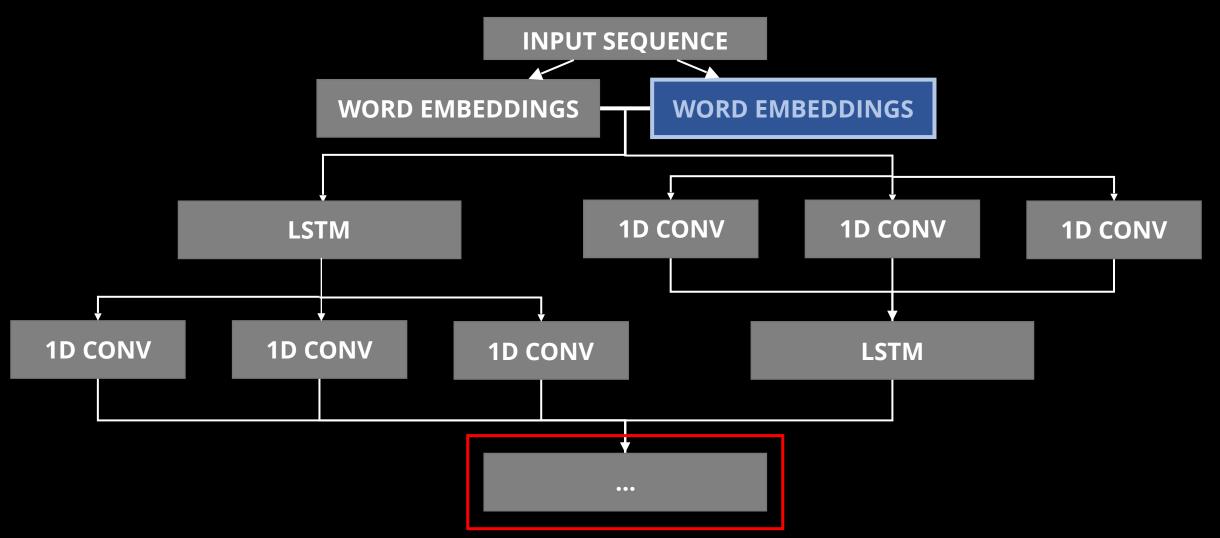


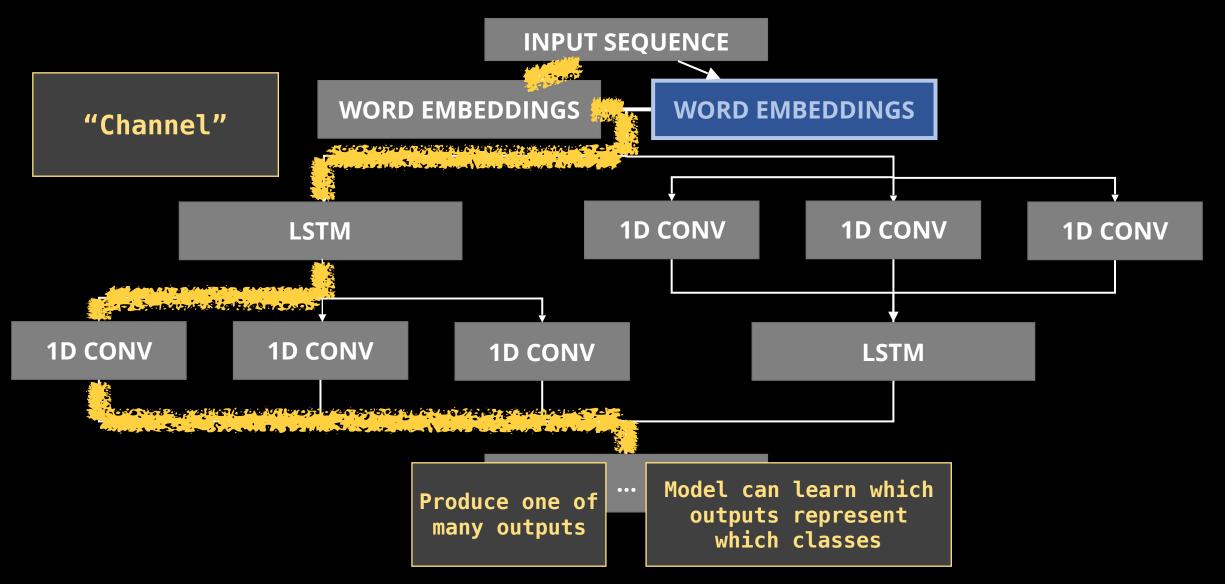


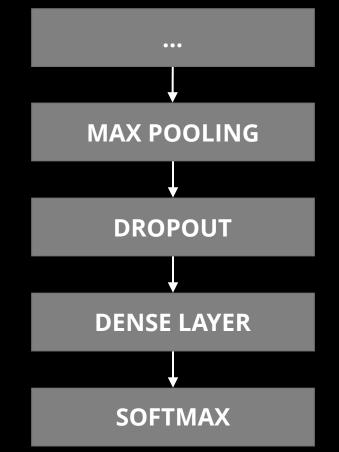








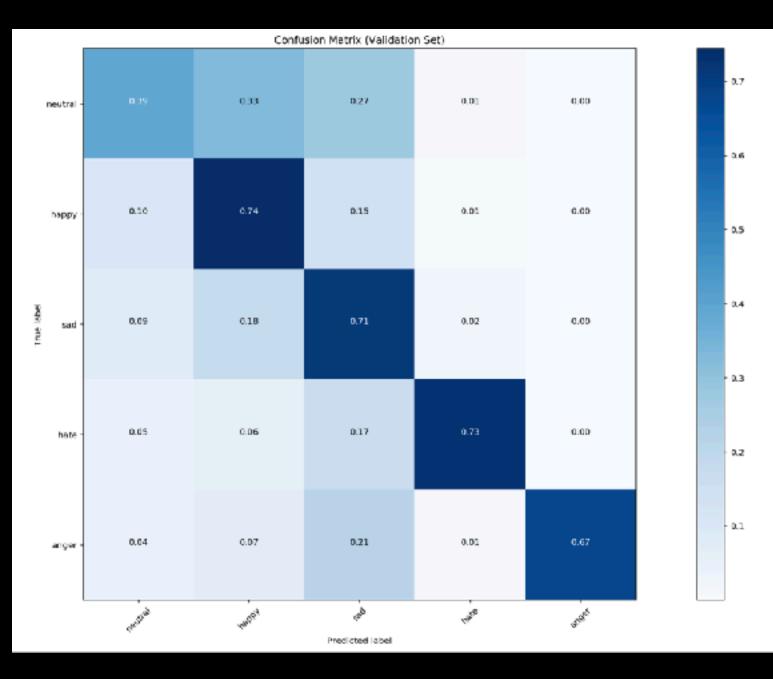




Results

	precision	recall	fl-score	support
neutral	0.54	0.39	0.45	1939 3237
happy sad	0.66 0.65	0.74 0.71	0.70 0.68	3192
hate anger	0.84 0.95	0.73 0.67	0.78 0.79	881 208
avg / total	0.66	0.66	0.65	9457

Results



Results (happy)

Haha look at all u dumbos cant read premium articles, im gonna becum premium nao to read their quality unbiased journalism **Prediction: happy**

Wah gd deal. No much peepor there almost like whole area to urself. And if prepper still got boat for escape. Hope i win 2mr toto, HUAT ARH!!!!! Prediction: happy

I salute you for the bravery and sacrifice! A true hero indeed. **Prediction: happy**

Results (sad)

Truly I said, we are so greatly divided in this world. Indeed money can do wonder, no one can deny it. Don't remind me, I know I'm still the loser. Prediction: sad

what a nuisance fk. a proper clean and flat footpath,,now obstructed
by sharedbikes..! which idiotic MP allowed this to happen?
Prediction: sad

Billions of money spent end up become the words 'unable to find out what's wrong with the system'
Prediction: sad

Results (hate)

Thought he sold his kidney to buy it; Instead, he bought a kidney then bought the car Filthy rich This is why we need communism **Prediction: hate**

Sack the whole f ing cabinet **Prediction: hate**

For f 's sake – news, stop calling it a machine. It was a guy in a f ing box. Like that then glory hole macam innovative machine. machine. Prediction: hate

Results (neutral)

ST really need to wake up. Prediction: neutral

Dun need give birth ?? Come in PRC ok Liao Prediction: neutral

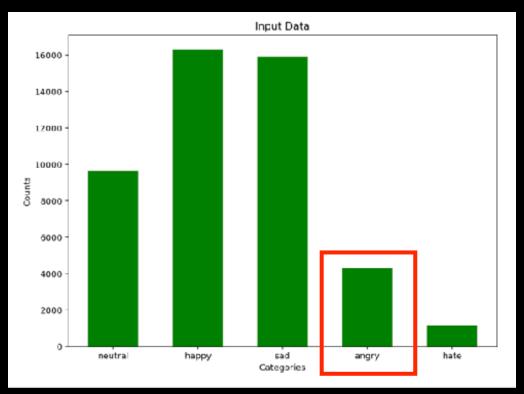
Results (bonus?)

Somebody needs to water Tharman's head, hair needs to be grown there **Prediction: sad**



What went wrong

Distribution of training set



- Lower occurrences of "angry" tweets in training set results in less frequent/accurate predictions
- "hate" is more distinct so is easier to pick out

What went wrong

- What's up with the "neutral" class?
 - Not easy to set boundaries for "emotion-less" text
 - Hence the model picks up latent emotion
- Preprocessing could be better
 - Mistake: did not process the same way as Stanford (for their pretrained GloVe vectors, which I used)

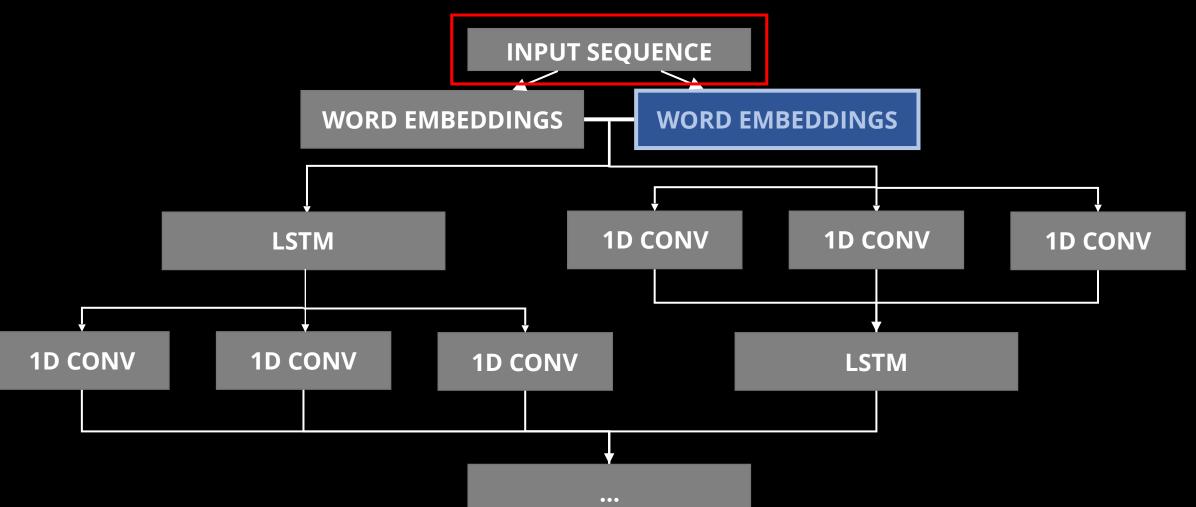
Future Plans

- Develop binary classifiers for emotion categories instead
- Develop sarcasm detector

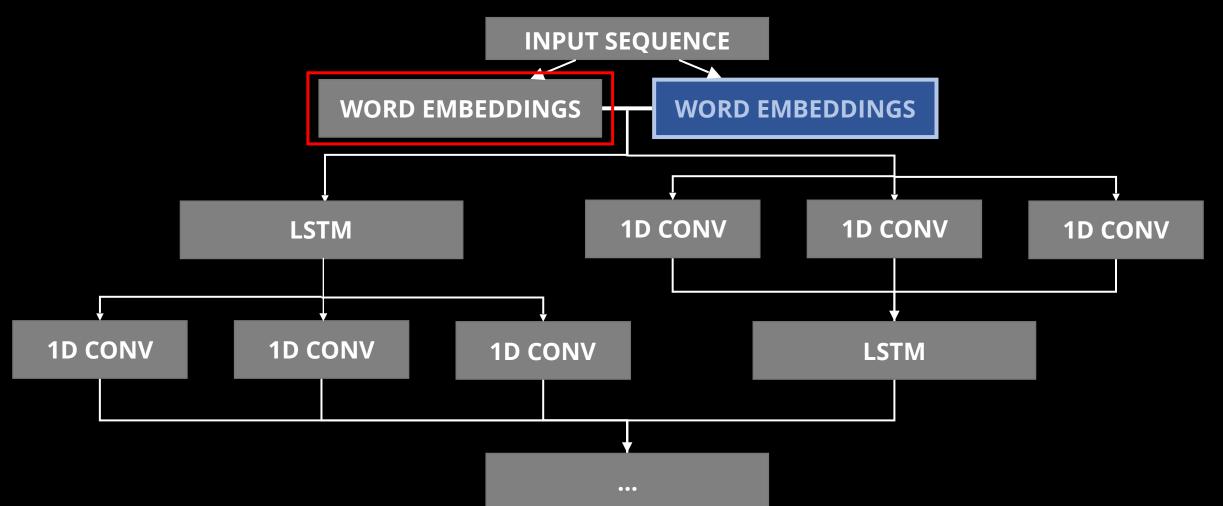
Questions?

Thank you for listening!! https://tlkh.design/ timothy_liu@mymail.sutd.edu.sg

What does the data look like as it passes through the layers?



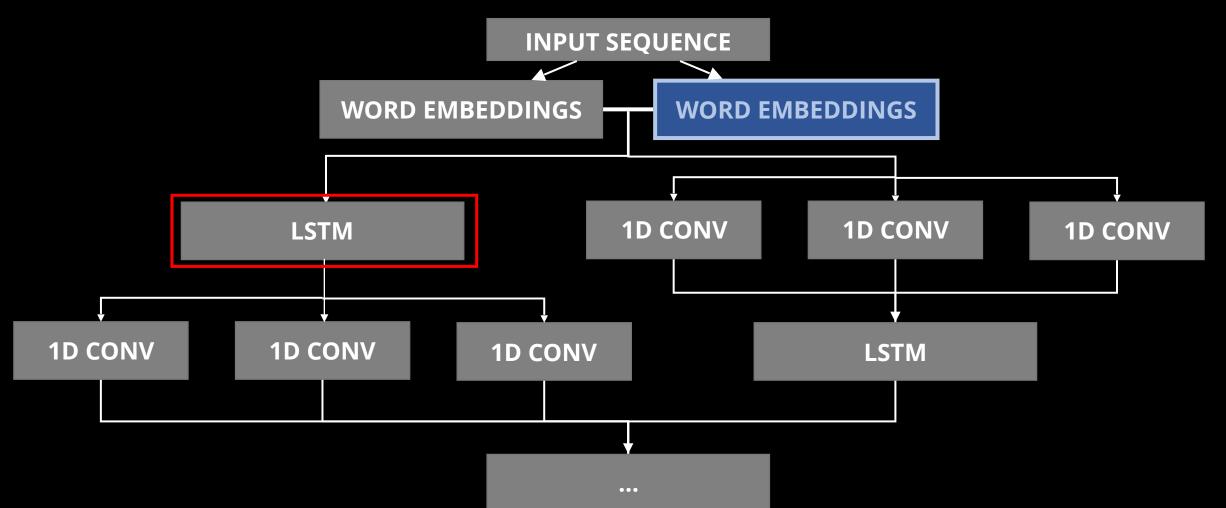
```
===== Layer name: input_1 =====
Tensor:
                                   Ø
                                                       Ø
 ]]]
                  Ø
                           Ø
                                0
                                         0
                                              Ø
                                                  Ø
                                                           Ø
     Ø
         0
              Ø
                       0
                                                                Ø
             5 12
                           6 4841
    1 6097
                      3
                                    4 515 1476 1238
                                                      0
                                                           0
                                                               Ø
         0]]
    0
With shape: (1, 30)
```



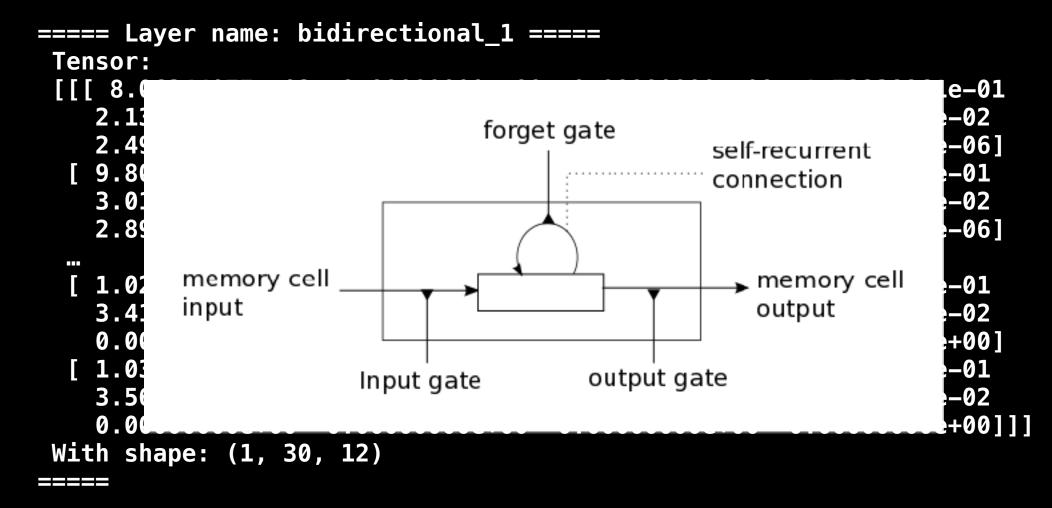
```
===== Layer name: input_1 =====
Tensor:
              0
                        0
                                       Ø
                                                          0
                                                               Ø
 ]]]
                                            0
                                                Ø
                                                     Ø
     Ø
                    Ø
                             Ø
                                  Ø
                                                                    Ø
          0
                            6 4841
              5 12
                                      4 515 1476 1238
    1 6097
                       3
                                                         0
                                                              0
                                                                   Ø
         0]]
    0
With shape: (1, 30)
```

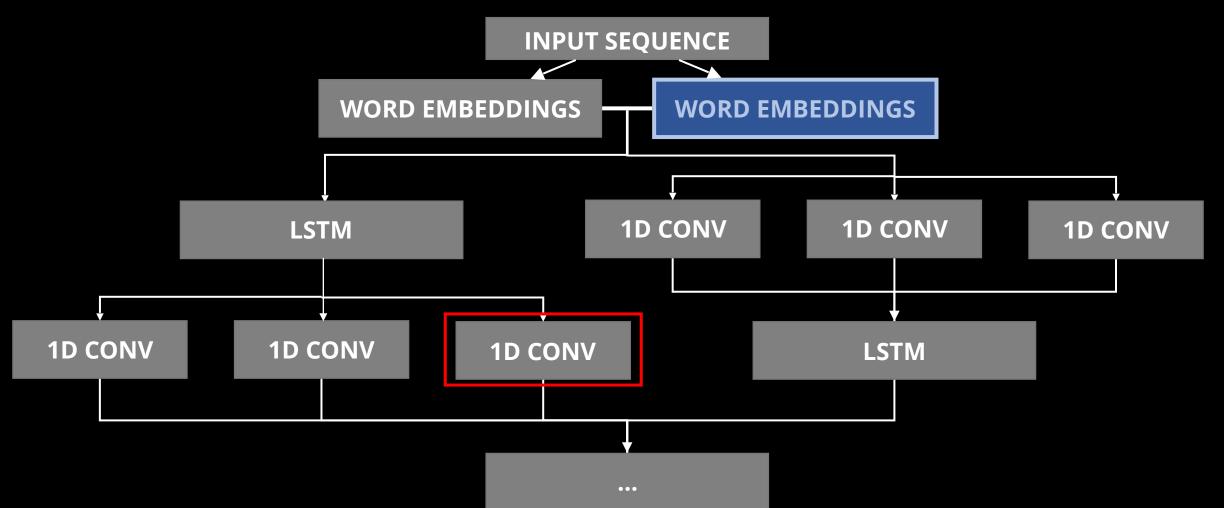
==== Layer name: input_1 ===== **Tensor:**]]] Ø 0 Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø 0 Ø 0 6 200d 4 515 1476 1238 1 6097 12 5 3 0 0 Ø 0]] 0 With shape: (1, 30)

```
===== Layer name: embedding_1 =====
 Tensor:
 [[[0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                               0.4869212 ]
  [0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                              0.4869212 ]
  [0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                              0.4869212 ]
  . . .
  [0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                              0.4869212 ]
  [0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                              0.4869212 ]
  [0.42834136 0.31308484 0.17665115 ... 0.12682104 0.4330583
                                                              0.4869212 ]]]
With shape: (1, 30, 200)
```

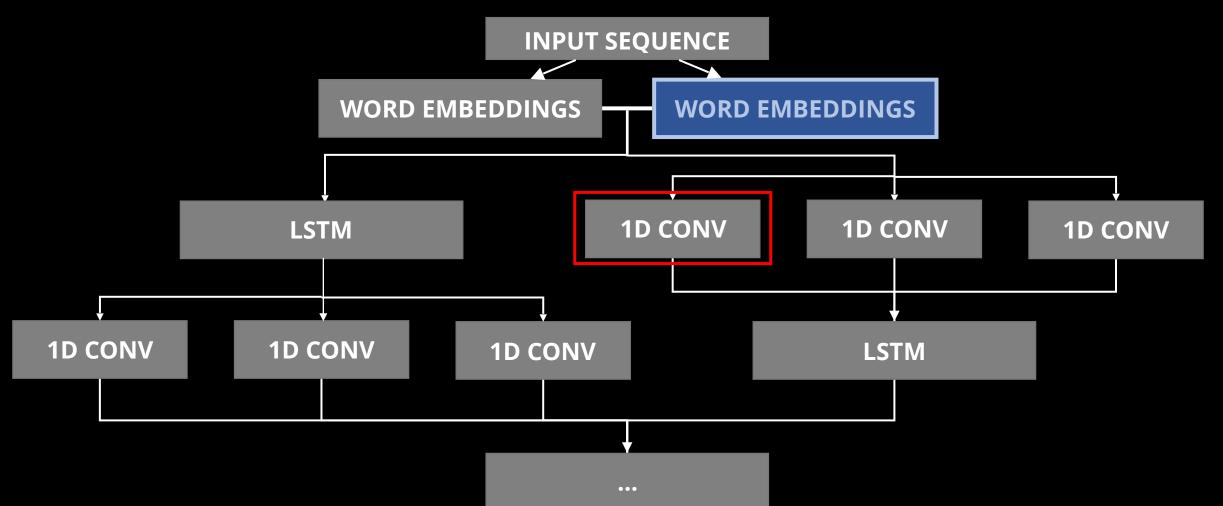


===== Layer name: bidirectional_1 ===== **Tensor:** [[[8.06344077e-02 0.0000000e+00 0.000000e+00 1.72238961e-01 2.13927388e-01 0.0000000e+00 -1.32527430e-05 -2.44858768e-022.49378700e-02 -9.10880626e-05 0.00000000e+00 1.62190315e-06[9.80563536e-02 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 2.35380769e-013.01944345e-01 0.0000000e+00 -2.48366414e-05 -2.44196467e-02 2.89880596e-02 -1.35839160e-04 0.0000000e+00 3.31250180e-06] [<u>1.02114007e-01</u> 0.0000000e+00 -1.75588634e-02 2.65173584e-010.0000000e+00 -1.82297919e-02 3.41420412e-01 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.00000000e+001 [1.03537120e-01 0.0000000e+00 -9.38578881e-03 2.70445615e-013.56149286e-01 0.00000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 -1.20486589e-02 0.0000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 0.0000000e+00 0.0000000e+00111 With shape: (1, 30, 12)

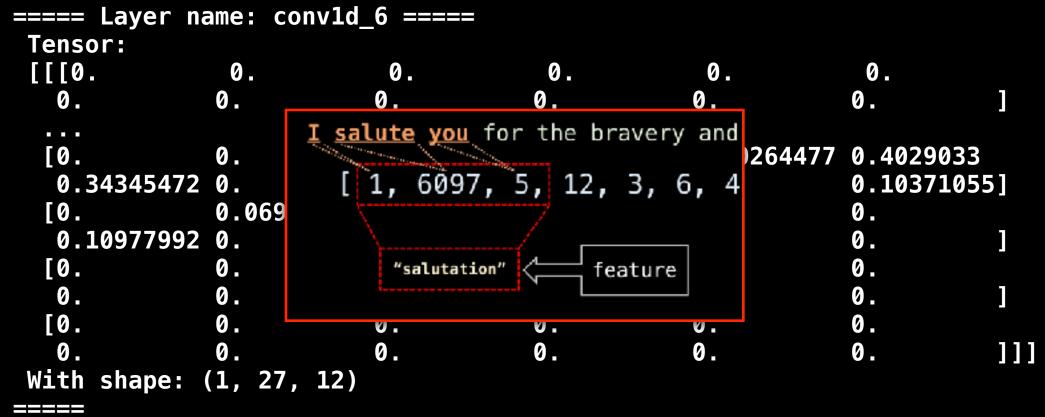


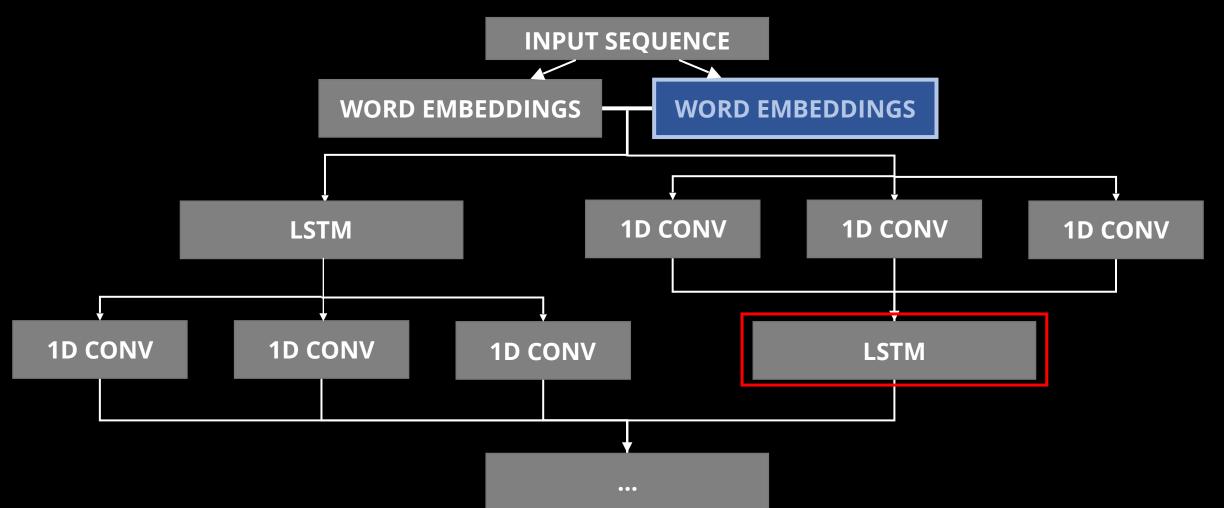


===== Tensoi		<pre>convld_4 =====</pre>				
[[[0.	0.	0.014886	68 0.1176872	23 0.	0.	
[0.	0.	0.0089388	5 0.12334982	20.	0.]
[0.	0.	0.0073982	1 0.12669875	6 0.	0.	
[0.	0.	0.1055519	7 0.1484237	0.08113632	0.2906651	
[0.	0.	0.15426609	9 0.10488616	5 Ø.	0.14050426	5]
[0.	0.	0.06729852	2 0.04035728	8 0.02787158	0.07842058	8]]]
With s	shape: (1, 5	55, 24)				

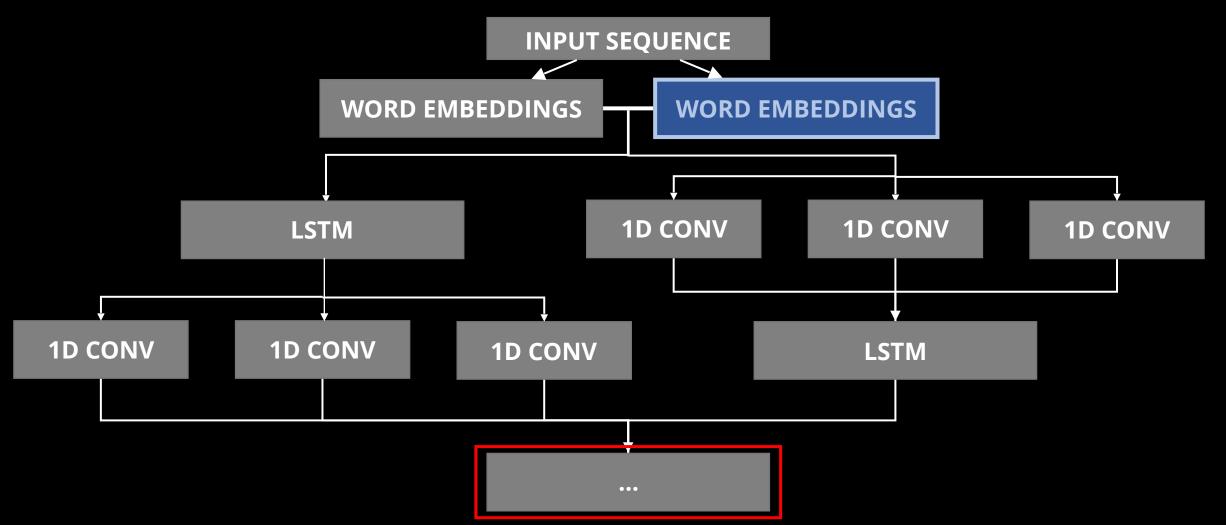


===== Layer na	ame: convld	_6 =====				
Tensor:						
[[[0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.]
[0.	0.	0.	0.	0.00264477	0.4029033	
0.34345472	0.	0.04512358	0.	0.	0.10371055	5]
[0.	0.06970029	0.	0.	0.	0.	
0.10977992	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.]
[0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.]
[0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	
0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.]]]
With shape:	(1, 27, 12)					

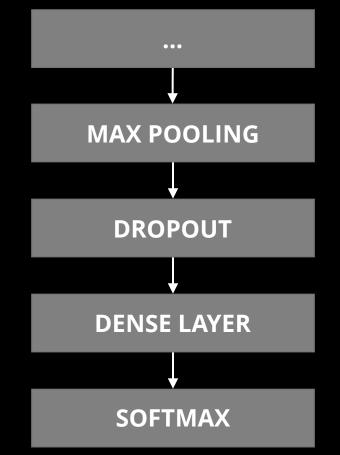




```
===== Layer name: bidirectional_3 =====
 Tensor:
 [[[ 2.21681572e-03 -1.28624942e-02 5.68648009e-03 ... -1.10270649e-01
  -8.20337683e-02 -1.02459006e-01
  \begin{bmatrix} 1.03855331e-03 & -2.48598233e-02 & 1.03258193e-02 & ... & -1.07269794e-01 \end{bmatrix}
  -8.28005373e-02 -1.07274570e-01
  [-2.07568146e-03 -3.55149880e-02 1.36839077e-02 ... -1.03364743e-01
  -8.37882534e-02 -1.11438647e-01
  [ 1.92181729e-02 -1.31640313e-02
                                     6.91433847e-02 ... -4.64378782e-02
  -2.86338408e-03 1.77442562e-031
  [ 2.66722459e-02 -3.44170779e-02
                                     6.45167008e-02 ... -3.46677154e-02
  -8.64953792e-04 -9.22709223e-05]
  [ 2.77910624e-02 -5.21486029e-02 6.20827414e-02 ... -1.94451436e-02
    1.80956413e-04 - 8.93047196e-04]]]
 With shape: (1, 168, 24)
```

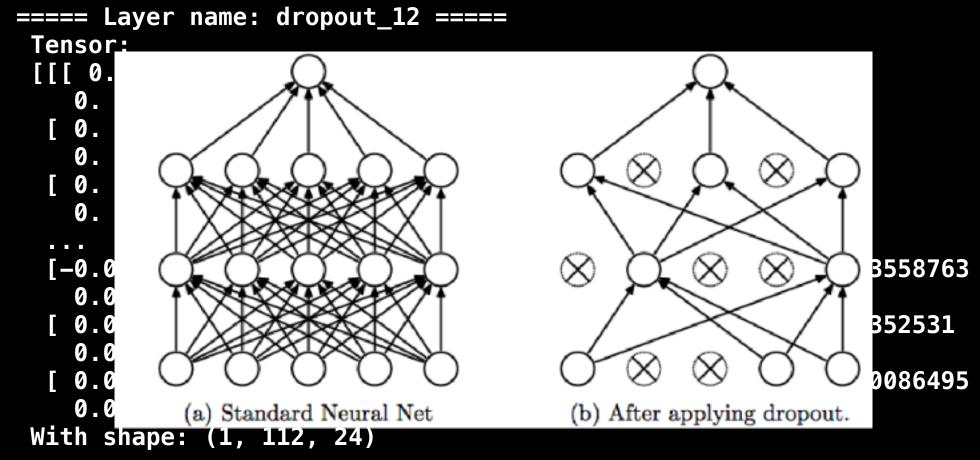


```
===== Layer name: concatenate_4 =====
Tensor:
 [[0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 1.4886685e-02 ... 1.1768723e-01]
    0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00]
  \begin{bmatrix} 0.0000000e+00 & 0.000000e+00 & 8.9388452e-03 & ... & 1.2334982e-01 \end{bmatrix}
    0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00]
  [ 0.000000e+00 0.000000e+00 7.3982142e-03 ... 1.2669875e-01
    0.000000e+00 0.000000e+001
  [ 1.9218173e-02 -1.3164031e-02
                                  6.9143385e-02 ... -4.6437878e-02
  -2.8633841e-03 1.7744256e-03]
  [ 2.6672246e-02 -3.4417078e-02
                                  6.4516701e-02 ... -3.4667715e-02
  -8.6495379e-04 -9.2270922e-05]
  [ 2.7791062e-02 -5.2148603e-02 6.2082741e-02 ... -1.9445144e-02
    1.8095641e-04 -8.9304720e-04]]]
With shape: (1, 449, 24)
```



```
===== Layer name: max_pooling1d_1 =====
 Tensor:
 [[[ 0.
                  0.
                                0.01488668 ... 0.12903301
                                                               0.
    0.
                              0.01099134 ...
                                                0.13447145
  [ 0.
                 0.
                                                              0.
    0.
                                                0.13462676
                              <u>0.01290299</u> ...
  [ 0.
                 0.
                                                             0.
    0.
  0.02756429 0.19028117 ...
  [-0.05108929]
                                                0.13576919 - 0.03558763
    0.0127592 ]
  [ 0.02745983 0.12298487
                              0.21508092 ...
                                                0.09027248 - 0.0352531
    0.06895266]
  \begin{bmatrix} 0.02667225 & 0.04184575 & 0.10012361 & \dots & -0.03466772 & -0.00086495 \end{bmatrix}
    0.00427817]]]
 With shape: (1, 112, 24)
```

```
===== Layer name: dropout_12 =====
 Tensor:
 [[[ 0.
                  0.
                                0.01488668 ... 0.12903301
                                                               0.
    0.
                               0.01099134 ...
                                                0.13447145
  [ 0.
                 0.
                                                              0.
    0.
                               <u>0.01290299</u> ...
                                                0.13462676
  [ 0.
                 0.
                                                              0.
    0.
  0.02756429 0.19028117 ...
  [-0.05108929]
                                                0.13576919 - 0.03558763
    0.0127592 ]
  [ 0.02745983 0.12298487
                               0.21508092 ...
                                                0.09027248 - 0.0352531
    0.06895266]
  \begin{bmatrix} 0.02667225 & 0.04184575 & 0.10012361 & \dots & -0.03466772 & -0.00086495 \end{bmatrix}
    0.00427817]]]
 With shape: (1, 112, 24)
```



```
==== Layer name: dense_1 =====
Tensor:
                                    0.62673044 0.07761759
[[1.6699548 0.40102258 0. 0.
                           0.16274107 1.9700971 0.
 0. 4.3026257 0.
 0.03963258 0.83466715 0.42836624 0. 0. 0.
 2.36443 4.663144 0.
                           0. 0. 0.0437276
 0.
    0. ]]
With shape: (1, 26)
===== Layer name: dense_2 =====
Tensor:
[[0.06425636 0.8729007 0.05157411 0.00984968 0.00141912]]
With shape: (1, 5)
```

